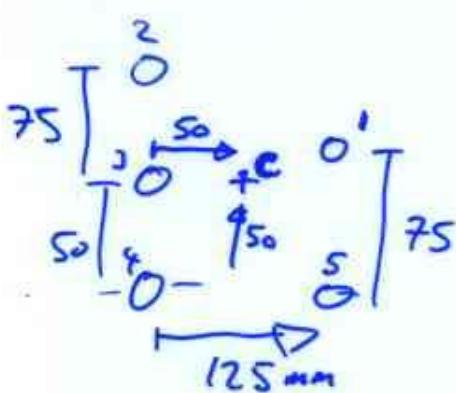


Area of a rivet $12\text{mm} \phi \Rightarrow \pi \times 6^2 = 113\text{mm}^2$

$$\frac{\sum A_i x_i}{\sum A_i} \quad A_i: \text{same for every rivet} \Rightarrow \frac{A_i \sum x_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{\underline{113 \sum x_i}}{(5)(113)}$$



$$\frac{0+0+0+125+125}{5} = \underline{\underline{50\text{mm}}}$$

$$\frac{\sum A_i y_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{\sum y_i}{5} = \frac{0+0+50+125+75}{5} = \underline{\underline{50\text{mm}}}$$

$$P_1 = \sqrt{75^2 + 25^2} = 79.1$$

$$P_2 = \sqrt{75^2 + 50^2} = \underline{\underline{90.1}} \leftarrow F_2$$

$$P_3 = \frac{50}{50} = 50.0$$

$$P_4 = \sqrt{50^2 + 50^2} = 70.7$$

$$P_5 = \sqrt{\cancel{25^2} + 75^2} = \underline{\underline{90.1}} \leftarrow F_5$$

$$\sum M_o = P_1 F_1 + P_2 F_2 + P_3 F_3 + P_4 F_4 + P_5 F_5 \leftarrow \text{sum of moments.}$$

Force $\propto \delta$; we assume $\delta_i \propto P_i$ Because areas are all the same.

$$\frac{F_1}{P_1} = \frac{F_2}{P_2} = \frac{F_3}{P_3} = \frac{F_4}{P_4} = \frac{F_5}{P_5}$$

can express

F_1, F_2, F_3, F_4 in terms of F_5
+ geometry

$$F_1 = \frac{P_1 F_5}{P_5} \quad F_2 = \frac{P_2 F_5}{P_5} \quad \text{etc.}$$

$$F_5 = \frac{P_5 F_5}{P_5}$$

Substitute into $\sum M_o$

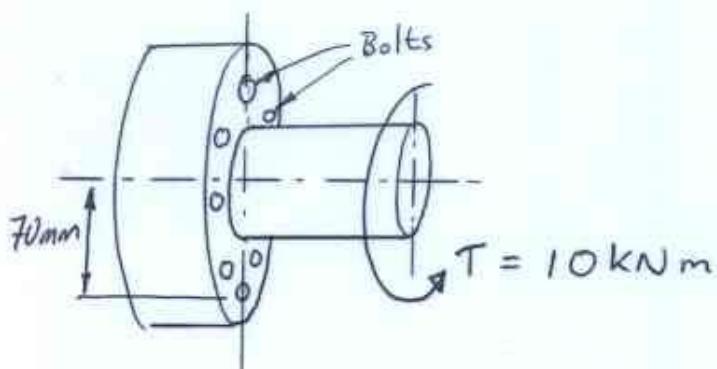
$$\sum M_0 = (\rho_1^2 + \rho_2^2 + \rho_3^2 + \rho_4^2 + \rho_5^2) \frac{F_s}{\rho_s}$$

$$\sum M_0 = T_{\text{torque}} = 2700 \text{ Nm} \quad \text{By } \underline{\text{Equilibrium}}$$

$$F_s = \frac{\rho_s (2700)}{\sum \rho_i^2} \times 10^3 \quad (\text{if } \rho_i \text{ are in mm})$$

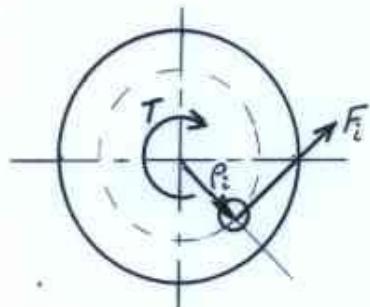
$$\frac{(90.1)(2700)}{[(2)(90.1)^2 + 50^2 + 70.7^2 + 79.1^2]} = 6.38 \text{ kN}$$

$$\delta_s = \frac{F_s}{A} = \frac{6.38 \times 10^3}{113 \times 10^{-8}} = 56.5 \text{ MPa.}$$



How many 20mm Bolts
are required to transmit
the torque of 10kNm
Shear stress not to exceed 70 MPa

Centre of rotation & Centroid of Joint ^{ARE} @ circle centre



$$F_i = \tau : A_i$$

$$\rho_i = 70\text{mm}$$

$$\sum M_o = \sum \rho_i F_i = 10000$$

$$\sum \rho_i F_i = \sum \rho_i \tau : A_i$$

$$= n(\rho_i \tau : A_i) = 1 \times 10^4$$

$$A_i = \frac{\pi}{4} (20 \times 10^{-3})^2 = 314.16 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\therefore n = \frac{1 \times 10^4}{(70 \times 10^{-3})(314.16 \times 10^{-6})(70 \times 10^{-6})}$$

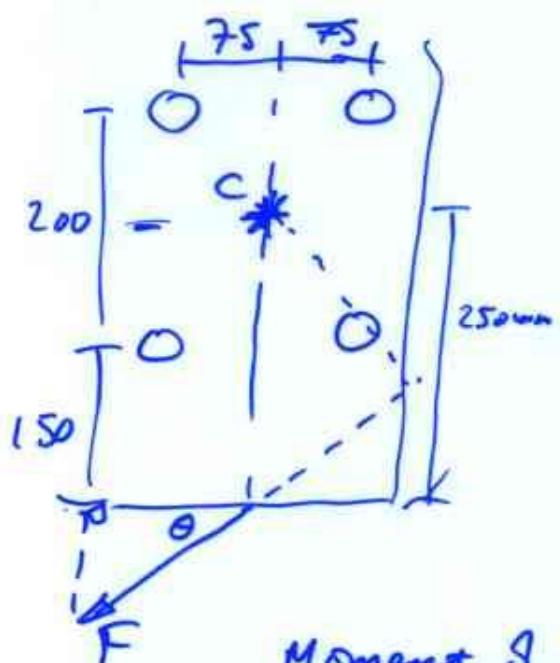
max shear stress allowed

$$\underline{n = 6.5}$$

\Rightarrow 7 bolts.

cannot have a half bolt
2.6 bolts leads to stresses
greater than allowable

Centroid is very easy to find



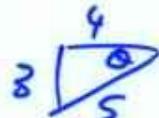
$$\frac{\sum x_i A_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{0 + 0 + 150 + 150}{4} = 75$$

$$\frac{\sum y_i A_i}{A_i} = \frac{(150)(2) + (350)(2)}{4} = 250$$

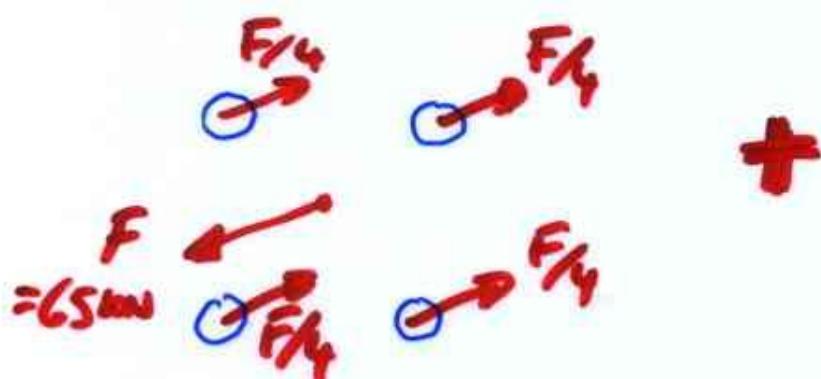
Moment of F about C

$$= (F)(\cos \theta)(250)$$

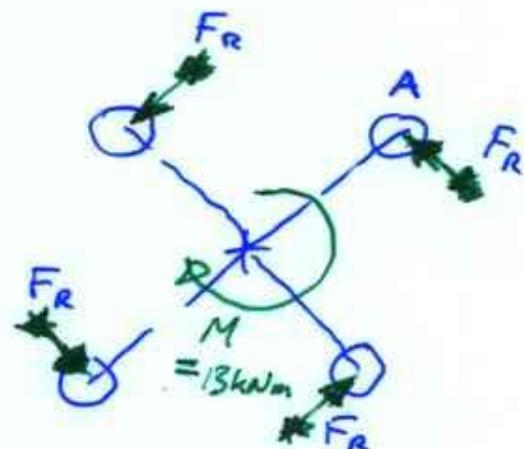
$$= F \cdot \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{250}{1000} \right) = 0.2F = \underline{\underline{13 \text{ kN m}}}$$



Forces \oplus on each rivet



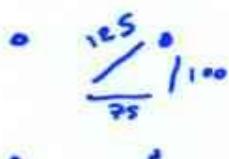
$$\frac{F}{4} = \frac{65 \text{ kN}}{4} = \underline{\underline{16.25 \text{ kN}}}$$



In this case, radius for each rivet rel. to centroid is same.

+ Areas same

$\Rightarrow F_r = \text{same for all rivets}$



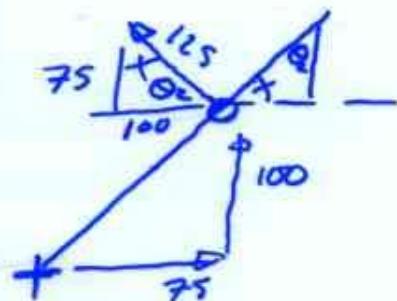
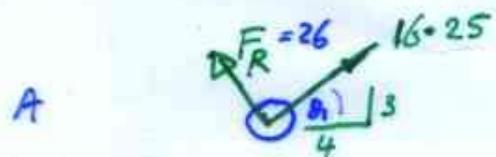
$$\sum M_c = 4 F_r P = \underline{\underline{M}}$$

$$F_r = \frac{M}{4P} = \frac{13 \times 10^3}{(4)(125 \times 10^{-3})}$$

$$F = 16.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_R = 26 \text{ kN}$$

look @ top left rivet 1st



Sum x components

$$16.25 (\cos \theta_1) - 26 (\cos \theta_2)$$

$$(16.25)\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) - 26\left(\frac{100}{125}\right) = -7.8 \text{ kN}$$

y components :

$$(16.25) \sin \theta_1 + 26 (\sin \theta_2)$$

$$(16.25)\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + (26)\left(\frac{75}{125}\right) = 25.35 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Magna} = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = \sqrt{(7.8)^2 + (25.35)^2} \\ = 26.52 \text{ kN}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{25.35}{7.8} \right) = 72^\circ$$

$$\text{to get } \sigma = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{26.52 \times 10^3}{490.9 \times 10^{-6}} = 54 \text{ MPa}$$

$\phi = 25 \text{ mm}$

& so on for other rivets