

D&P

MEEN 3004

1999-2001

3010

2002 2003

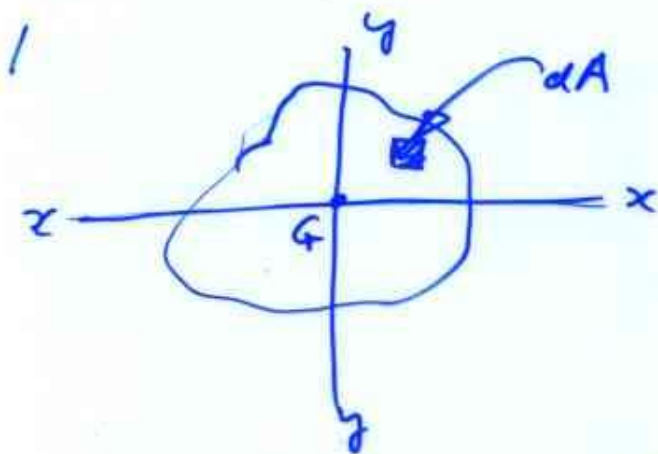
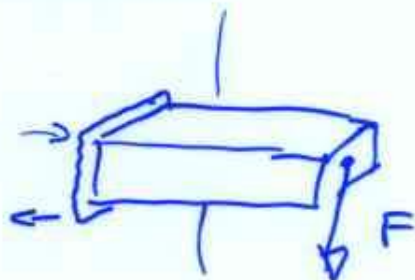
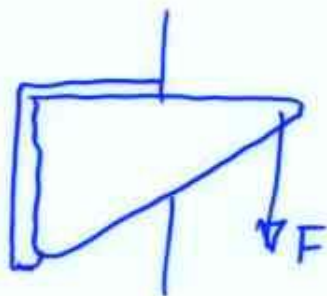
MATERIALS

MEEN-3011

2002-2003

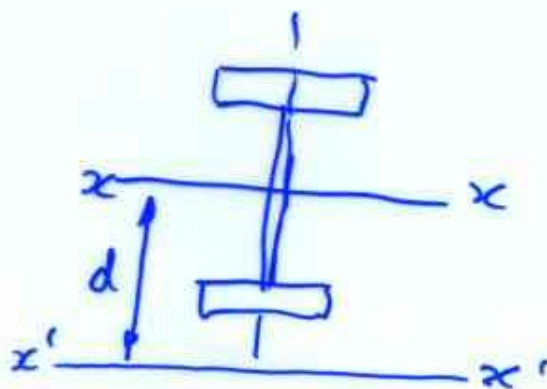
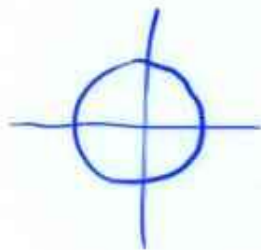
MEEN-3005

1999-2001



$$I_x = \int y^2 dA$$

$$I_y = \int x^2 dA$$



I_x Biggest

I_y less so

$I_{\text{ANOTHER AXIS}} \parallel x$

$$I_{Gx} + Ad^2$$

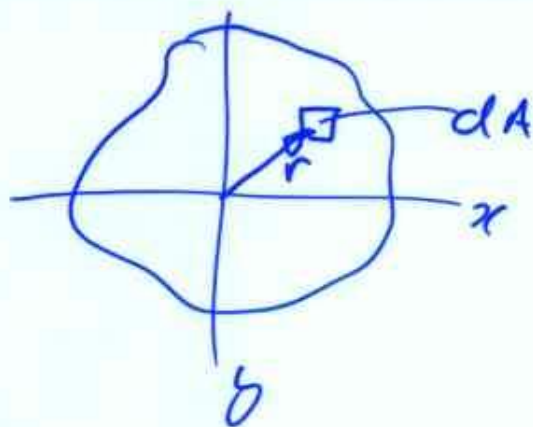
d is distance between new axis & x-axis

$$J = \int r^2 dA$$

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$J = \int x^2 + y^2 dA$$

$$= I_x + I_y$$



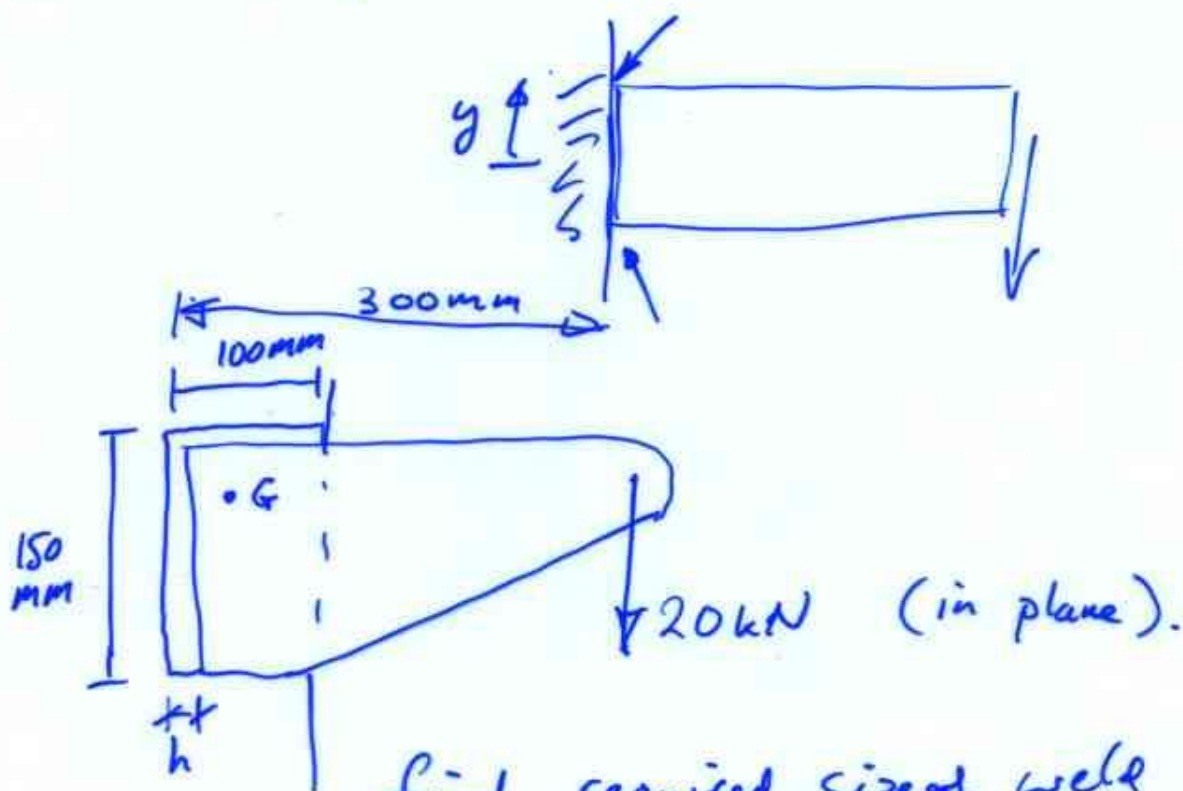
TORSION

BENDING

Direct shear $\frac{P}{A}$ \rightarrow same

Torsion induced shear $\frac{T r}{J}$

Bending induced shear stress $= \frac{M y}{I}$



find required size of weld
for $S_y = 345 \text{ MPa}$
F.S. = 2.5

The diagram shows an L-shaped weld group with a horizontal leg of length 100 and a vertical leg of length 150. The centroid G is located at a distance of 20 mm from the vertical leg and 45 mm from the horizontal leg. The centroidal axes are labeled \bar{x} and \bar{y} . Distances d_1 and d_2 are also indicated.

$$\bar{x} = \bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i A_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{(100t)(50) + (150t)(0)}{(250t)} = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum y_i A_i}{\sum A_i} = \frac{(100t)(0) + (150t)(75)}{250t} = 45 \text{ mm}$$

Need to know J for weld group.

$$J = I_x + I_y$$

look @ each arm of weld separately.

longer

$$J_L = [I_x] + [I_y] + d_1^2$$

$$= \left[\frac{L^3 t}{12} + Lt (75-45)^2 \right] + [Lt (20)^2]$$

$$J = 476250t$$

shorter

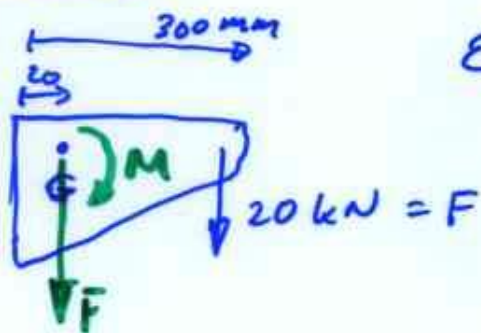
$$J_S = I_x + I_y + d_2^2$$

$$= [(100t)(45)^2] + \left[\frac{100^3 t}{12} + (100t)(50-20)^2 \right]$$

$$J_S = 375833t$$

$$J_{\text{TOTAL}} = (375833 + 476250)t = 852083t$$

Express LOAD as a force plus a moment.



Effect @ G of F
is Force 20 kN

+ moment of
(20 kN) (300 - 20 mm)

$$M = 5600 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\text{Direct Shear} = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{20000}{(250)(t)} = \frac{80}{t} \text{ MPa}$$

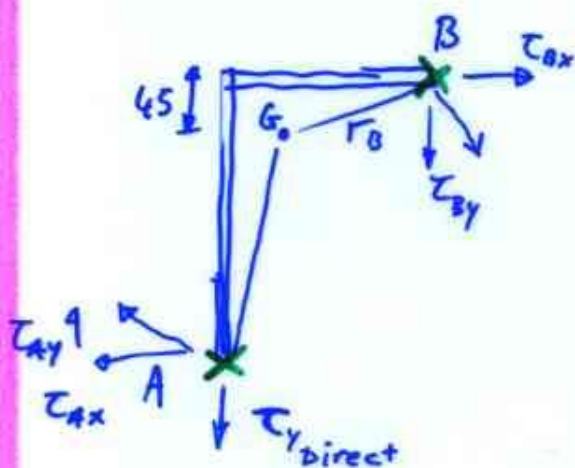
CONSTANT EVERYWHERE

Shear Due to Torque

$$\tau = \frac{T r}{J}$$

$$\tau_{Bx} = \frac{(45)(5600)}{852083t} = \frac{295.7}{t} \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{By} = \frac{(100-20)(5600)}{852083t} = \frac{525.8}{t} \text{ MPa}$$



$$\tau_{Ax} = \frac{(150-45)(5600)}{J} = \frac{690}{t} \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{Ay} = \frac{(20)(5600)}{J} = \frac{131}{t} \text{ MPa}$$

Max occurs @ A (check for yourself @ small)

$$\frac{1}{t} \sqrt{690^2 + (131-80)^2} = \frac{692}{t} \text{ MPa}$$

@B

$$\frac{1}{t} \sqrt{(525.8 + 80)^2 + (295.7)^2} = \frac{674.1}{t} \text{ (smaller)}$$

Look @ failure @ point A

$$\frac{692}{t} = \frac{(0.58)(345)}{2.5}$$

BECAUSE SHEAR

↙ F.S.

$$t = 8.65 \text{ mm}$$

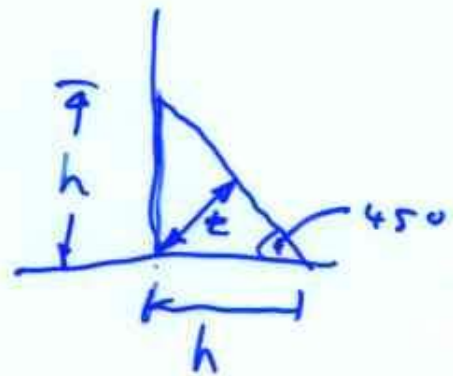
$$h = \frac{t}{0.707}$$

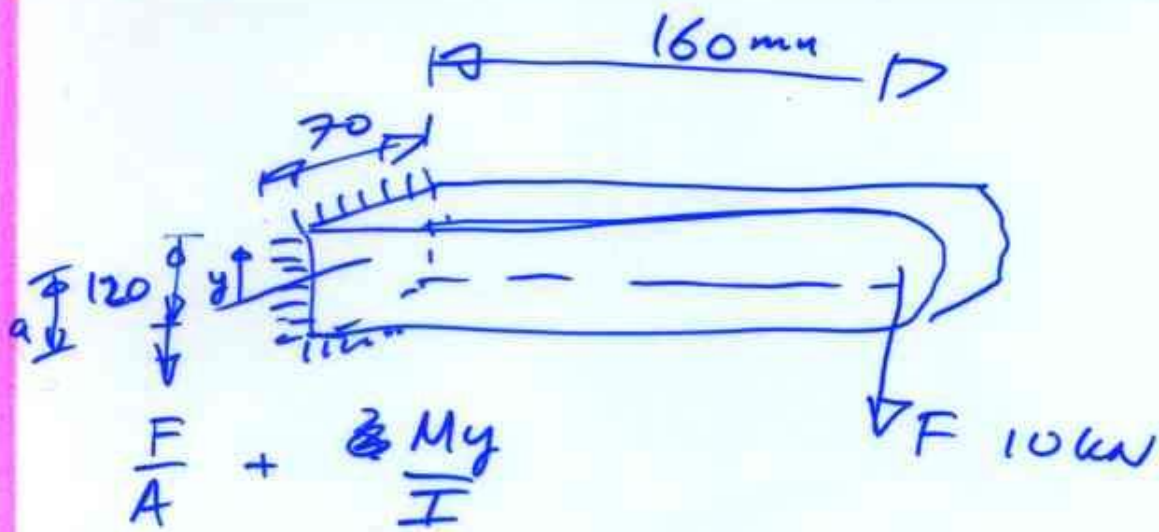
$$0.707 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$h = \frac{8.65}{0.707} = 12.23 \text{ mm}$$

$h = 13 \text{ mm}$

→ useful spec.





Bending moment

$$(160 \times 10^{-3})(10 \times 10^3) = 1600 \text{ Nm}$$

$$I_{x \text{ vert welds}} = 2 \left(\frac{L^3 t}{12} = 2 (144 \times 10^{-9} t) \text{ m}^4 \right)$$

\downarrow
 120 mm

$$I_{x \text{ Hz. welds}} = 2 L t a^2 = (2 \times 70)(t)(60^2)$$

$$2(252 \times 10^{-9} t) \text{ m}^4$$

$$I_{x \text{ total}} = I_{x \text{ vert}} + I_{x \text{ Hz}}$$

then you have M, I, y

calc stresses.

Ans. $t = 1.86 \text{ mm}$

$h = \sim 3 \text{ mm}$

$$\sigma_y = 345 \text{ MPa}$$